



WHY MANGROVE IS MORE THAN JUST A TREE

Home to thousands of species

A wide variety of species live or breed in the mangrove ecosystem, from fish and crabs to birds.



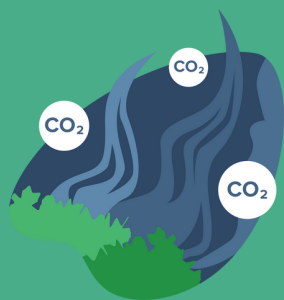
When mangrove forests are gone, it can disrupt and threaten the survival of many wildlife and with it the livelihood of people.

Let's protect our Mangrove forests for the benefit of nature and humans!

Carbon absorber

Mangrove forests contribute to the fight against global warming by absorbing carbon dioxide from the atmosphere.

Moreover, mangrove forests are one of the top three carbon-capturing ecosystems.



A natural coastal fortress

Mangroves act as a natural fortress against floods and storm surges.

The sediments from the land and the river are filtered by the roots of mangroves, eventually **protecting the coastline from flooding and slowing erosion.**



Conservation Society of Sierra Leone
Connecting people to nature.

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